Financial safety ratio report

30 June 2025



Financial safety ratio report

30 June 2025





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BO THYN TO

Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Co., Ltd. ("the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd, a company incorporated in the Republic of Korea. The Company is previously known as Trust Principle Fund Joint Stock Company, incorporated in Vietnam under Establishment and Operation License No. 36/UBCK-GP dated 2 July 2008 issued by the State Securities Commission ("SSC"). In 2018, shareholders of Trust Principle Fund Joint Stock Company transferred all their shares to Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd. On 20 August 2018, the SSC granted Establishment and Operation License No. 56/GP-UBCK approving the changes in name, head office location, legal representative of the Company, and the transformation of the Company's type of business from a joint stock company into a limited liability company. Currently, the Company's business registration certificate number 0102811624 was amended for the 3rd time on 20 June 2023.

Below is a summary of information extracted from the Establishment and Operating License:

Business Registration

Certificate No.

0102811624

Registered company name Head Office's address

Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited Floor 38, Keangnam Hanoi Landmark Tower, Plot E6, Cau Giay

New Urban Area, Yen Hoa Ward, Hanoi

Operating activities

Charter capital

Investment funds management, investment portfolio management and securities investment advisory services

VND 26,000,000,000

Owner

Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd

CHAIRMAN

The Company's Chairman during the period and at the date of this report is

Mr. Lee Dong Won

Chairman

Appointed on 02 April 2024

SUPERVISOR

The Company's Supervisor during the period and at the date of this report is

Mr. Kang Sang Sin

Supervisor

Appointed on 08 November 2022

GENERAL DIRECTOR

The Company's General Director during the period and at the date of this report is:

Mr. Soh Jin Wook

General Director

Appointed on 26 November 2021

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company from 01 January 2025 to the date of this report is Mr Soh Jin Wook – Position: General Director.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

The General Director of Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited ("the Company") is pleased to present this report and the financial safety ratio report of the Company as at 30 June 2025.

THE GENERAL DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

The General Director of the Company confirmed that he has complied with the requirements of Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratios and remedies applicable to securities business organizations that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratios ("Circular 91") to the financial safety ratio report in the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report as at 30 June 2025.

STATEMENT BY THE GENERAL DIRECTOR

The General Director of the Company does hereby state that, in his opinion, the accompanying financial safety ratio report is prepared and presented in accordance with Circular 91 and *Note 2.1* to the financial safety ratio report.

Mr. Soh Jin Wook

CÔNG TY
TRÁCH NHIỆM HỮU HAY
QUẨN LÝ QUỸ
MIRAE ASSET

General Director

13 August 2025

Hanoi, Vietnam

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 2 Hai Trieu Street, Sai Gon Ward Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam Tel: +84 28 3824 5252 Email: eyhcmc@vn.ey.com Website (EN): ey.com/en_vn Website (VN): ey.com/vi_vn

Reference: 12556551/E-68714467/FSR-LR

REPORT ON REVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

To: The Owners of

Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Management Company Limited

We have reviewed the accompanying financial safety ratio report of Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited ("the Company") as at 30 June 2025 as prepared on 13 August 2025 and set out on pages 5 to 31. The financial safety ratio report has been prepared by the Company's General Director in accordance with regulations of Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratios and remedies applicable to securities business organizations that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratios ("Circular 91") and Note 2.1 to the financial safety ratio report.

The General Director's responsibility

The Company's General Director is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report in accordance with Circular 91 and Note 2.1 to the accompanying financial safety ratio report, and for such internal control as the General Director determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial safety ratio report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 – Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial safety ratio report as at 30 June 2025 is not prepared and presented, in all material respects, in accordance with Circular 91 and Note 2.1 to the financial safety ratio report.



Policy of preparation of report and restriction on use of review report

Without modifying our conclusion, we draw attention to Note 2.1 and Note 3 to the financial safety ratio report which describe the applicable regulations and the summary of significant policies for the preparation of the financial safety ratio report. Also as described in Note 2.2, the financial safety ratio report was prepared to comply with the regulations on the preparation and disclosure of the financial safety ratio report of the Company. As a result, this report may not be suitable for other purposes.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

Dang Phuong Ha

TNHH ERNST & YOU

Deputy General Director
Audit Practicing Registration

Certificate No. 2400-2023-004-1

Hanoi, Vietnam

13 August 2025

MIRAE ASSET (VIETNAM) FUND MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence – Freedom – Happiness

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Re: Financial safety ratio report	Hanoi, 13 August 2025		

REPORT

On financial safety ratio as at: 30 June 2025

To: State Securities Commission

We hereby confirm that:

- (1) The report is prepared based on the data updated as at the reporting date and in accordance with Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratios and remedies applicable to securities business organizations that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratios;
- (2) Subsequent events after the date of this report that can have effects on the financial position of the Company will be updated in the next reporting period;
- (3) We bear full legal responsibility for the accuracy and truthfulness of the contents of our report.

Hanoi, Vietnam

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13 August 2025

Ms. Vu Thi Thuy Lua Chief Accountant Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan Head of Internal Control Mr. Soh Jin Wook General Director

FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT as at 30 June 2025

SUMMARY TABLE ON EXPOSURES TO RISKS AND LIQUID CAPITAL

Currency: VND

No	Items	Notes	Exposures to risk/ Liquid Capital
1	Total exposures to market risk	5	9,341,112,009
2	Total exposures to settlement risk	6	3,365,611,782
3	Total exposures to operational risk	7	8,143,735,491
4	Total risk exposures (4=1+2+3)		20,850,459,282
5	Liquid capital	4	101,209,399,420
6	Capital liquidity ratio (6=5/4) (%)		485.41%

Hanoi, Vietnam

13 August 2025

Ms. Vu Thi Thuy Lua Chief Accountant Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan Head of Internal Control

Mr. Soh Jin Wook General Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT as at 30 June 2025

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Co., Ltd. ("the Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd, a company incorporated in the Republic of Korea. The Company is previously known as Trust Principle Fund Joint Stock Company, incorporated in Vietnam under Establishment and Operation License No. 36/UBCK-GP dated 2 July 2008 issued by the State Securities Commission ("SSC"). In 2018, shareholders of Trust Principle Fund Joint Stock Company transferred all their shares to Mirae Asset Global Investments Co., Ltd. On 20 August 2018, the SSC granted Establishment and Operation License No. 56/GP-UBCK approving the changes in name, head office location, legal representative of the Company and the transformation of the Company's type of business from a joint stock company into a limited liability company. Currently, the Company's business registration certificate number 0102811624 was amended for the 3rd time on 20 June 2023.

The Company's current principal activities are to manage investment funds, investment portfolios and to provide securities investment advisory service.

The Company's head office is located at Floor 38, Keangnam Hanoi Landmark Tower, Plot E6, Cau Giay New Urban Area, Yen Hoa Ward, Hanoi.

The number of Company's employees as at 30 June 2025 is 23 persons (31 December 2024: 23 persons).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Applied regulation

The financial safety ratio report of the Company is prepared in accordance with Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratios and remedies applicable to securities trading companies that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratios ("Circular 91"). The financial safety ratio report is prepared based on the financial data of the Company at the reporting date.

2.2 Purpose of preparation

The financial safety ratio report is prepared to comply with the regulations on preparation and disclosure of financial safety ratio report and may not be suitable for other purposes.

2.3 Reporting currency

The Company prepares this report in Vietnam dong ("VND").

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Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

3.1 Capital liquidity ratio

Liquid capital ratio of the Company is determined using the formula specified in Circular 91 as follows:

In which total exposures to risks are the sum of exposures to market risk, exposures to settlement risk and exposures to operational risk.

3.2 Liquid capital

As stipulated in Circular 91, the Company's liquid capital is the total equity that can be converted into cash within ninety (90) days, which includes:

- Owners' equity, excluding of redeemable preferred shares (if any);
- Share premium excluding of redeemable preferred shares (if any);
- Capital supplementary reserve;
- Investment and development fund (if any);
- Financial and operational risk reserve;
- Other reserves belonging to owner's equity in accordance with prevailing regulations;
- Undistributed retained earnings;
- Balance of provision for impairment of assets;
- Fifty percent (50%) of fixed assets' increased value revaluated in accordance with prevailing regulations (in case of positive revaluation), or minus the total decreased value (in case of negative revaluation);
- Exchange rate difference;
- Decreases to liquid capital (Note 3.2.1);
- Increases to liquid capital (Note 3.2.2); and
- Other capital (if any).

3.2.1 Decreases to liquid capital

The Company's liquid capital is decreased due to the following items:

- Treasury shares (if any);
- Total decreases in value of financial assets recognized at cost equivalent to the difference between fair value and carrying value of the assets, excluding the securities issued by the Company's related parties as well as the restricted securities with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of the financial safety ratio report;
- ▶ Short-term assets including: prepaid expenses, receivables and advances with the remaining recovery period or settlement/reimbursement period of more than 90 days, and other short-term assets, except for assets whose exposures to market risk are required to be calculated in accordance with Circular 91, provision for impairment of investments and doubtful receivables;
- Long-term assets, except for assets whose exposures to market risk are required to be calculated in accordance with Circular 91, provision for impairment of investments and doubtful receivables;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.2 Liquid capital (continued)

3.2.1 Decreases to liquid capital (continued)

- Items relating to modified, adverse or disclaimer audit opinion (if any) in the audited financial statements (if any);
- Securities issued by organizations which are related to securities-trading organizations in the following cases:
 - Parent company, subsidiaries of the Company;
 - Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company;
- Securities to be restricted from transfer for over ninety (90) days from the date of financial safety ratio report;
- The loss calculated according to the contract value in case a partner is totally insolvent.

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When determining the decreases to liquid capital, the Company makes the following adjustment to the deductions:

- ▶ For assets used as collaterals obligations of the Company or other third parties, the decrease value shall be deducted by the minimal value of the followings: market value of the assets, book value, value of remaining obligations;
- For assets secured by customers' assets, the decrease value shall be deducted by the minimal value of the followings: market value of the collaterals, book value.

Accordingly, market value of assets and value of collaterals are determined in accordance with Circular 91. The Company does not calculate exposures to risk for items deducted from liquid capital.

The following long-term and short-term assets indicators are not included in the deductions from liquid capitals are specified as follows:

- Assets against market risks shall be identified as prescribed in Circular 91, except for securities issued by the parent company, subsidiaries of the Company or subsidiaries of the Company's parent company or Securities restricted to transfer with the remaining restricted period of more than ninety (90) days as from the calculation date;
- The contracts and transactions against which liquidity risks shall be identified as prescribed in Circular 91;
- Provision for impairment of other assets;
- Provision for non-performing receivables.

3.2.2 Increases to liquid capital

The Company's liquid capital is increased due to the following items:

- Total increases in value of financial assets recognized at cost equivalent to the difference between market value and carrying value of the assets, excluding the securities issued by the Company's related parties as well as the restricted securities with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of the financial safety ratio report; and
- Debts that are convertible to equity, including: convertible bonds, preference shares and other debt instruments registered to supplement liquid capital with the State Securities Commission and satisfying all requirements under Clause 2, Article 7, Circular 91.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.2 Liquid capital (continued)

3.2.2 Increases to liquid capital (continued)

The maximum value of total debt items used to increase liquid capital is 50% of the Company's owners' equity. Regarding convertible debts and debts registered to supplement the Company's liquid capital with the State Securities Commission, the Company deducts 20% of their original value each year during the last five (05) years prior to maturity/conversion into common shares and deducts 25% of residual value quarterly during the last four (04) quarters prior to maturity/conversion into common shares.

3.3 Exposures to market risk

Exposures to market risk are the potential losses which may occur when the market value of the Company's assets fluctuates in a negative trend and are determined by the Company at the end of the transaction day using the following formula:

Exposures to market risk = Net position x Asset price x Market risk coefficient

In particular, net position is the net volume of securities held by the Company at the calculation date, after being deducted by the number of securities lent and increased by the number of securities borrowed in accordance with prevailing regulations.

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Assets which are excluded when determining exposures to market risk include:

- Treasury shares;
- Securities issued by the Company's related parties being:
 - The parent company, subsidiaries of the Company;
 - Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company;
- Restricted securities with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of the financial safety ratio report;
- Bonds, debts instruments, valuable papers in the money market at maturity;
- Securities hedged by sell warrants or futures contracts; sell warrants and sell options used to hedge for underlying securities.

3.3.1 Market risk coefficient

Market risk coefficient is determined for each asset item as specified in Appendix I of Circular 91.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price

No.	Assets	Valuation principles		
Cas	Cash and cash equivalents, money market instruments			
1	Cash in VND	Cash balance at the calculation date.		
2	Foreign currencies	VND equivalent using the exchange rate published by credit institutions allowed to conduct foreign currencies trading at the calculation date.		
3	Term deposits	Amount deposited plus accrued interest as at the calculation date.		
4	Treasury bills, bank drafts, commercial bills, convertible certificates of deposit, bonds, and discounted money market instruments	Acquisition cost plus accrued interest as at the calculation date		
Bor	nds			
5	Listed bonds	 Average price quoted on the trading system of the Stock Exchange on the latest trading day plus accrued interest (if not already included in the quoted price); In case there is no transaction within more than two (02) weeks prior to the calculation date, the value of listed bonds is the highest of the following: Acquisition cost plus accrued interests; Face value plus accrued interests; Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods, including accrued interests. In specific: Max (Acquisition cost plus accrued interests, Face value plus accrued interests, Price determined by internal valuation methods, including accrued interests). 		
6	Unlisted bonds	 The highest of the following: Quoted price (if any) on the quotation system selected by the Company, plus accrued interests; Acquisition cost plus accrued interests; Face value plus accrued interests; Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods, including accrued interests. In specific: Max (Quoted price (if any), Acquisition cost plus accrued interests, Face value plus accrued interests, Price determined by internal valuation methods, including accrued interests). 		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025 $\,$

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

No.	Assets	Valuation principles		
Sha	Shares			
Shares listed on the Stock Exchanges and shares 7 registered for trading on the unlisted public companies market (UPCoM)		 Quoted closing prices of the latest trading day prior to the calculation date; In case there is no transaction within more than two (02) weeks prior to the calculation date, the value of shares is the highest of the following: Book value; Acquisition cost; Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods. In specific: Max (Book value, Acquisition cost, Price determined by internal valuation methods). 		
8	Shares which are registered or deposited but has not been listed or registered for trading	 Average quoted prices from at least three (03) securities companies which are not related parties of Company on the latest trading day prior to the calculation date; If there are fewer than three (03) quotations, the value of shares is the highest of the following: Quoted prices; Price determined in the latest reporting period; Book value; Acquisition cost; Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods. In specific: Max (Quoted prices; Price determined in the latest reporting period; Book value; Acquisition cost; Price determined by securities trading companies internal valuation methods). 		
9	Shares are suspended from trading, or delisted or unregistered for trading	The highest of the following: - Book value; - Face value; - Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods. In specific: Max (Book value, Face value, Price determined by internal valuation methods).		
10	Shares of organizations under dissolution or bankruptcy	80% of the liquidated value of the shares (Share price to be distributed announced by the dissolved or bankrupt organization or book value) at the latest balance sheet date, or price determined by the Company internal valuation methods.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

No.	Asset	Valuation principles	
Sha	res (continued)		
11	Other shares or capital contributions	 The highest of the following: Book value; Acquisition cost/contributed capital; Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods. In specific: Max (Book value, Acquisition cost/contributed capital, Price determined by securities trading companies internal valuation methods). 	
Fund	d certificate/shares of	securities investment companies	
12	Close-ended fund/ETF	 Closing price of the latest trading day prior to the calculation date; In case there is no transaction within more than two (02) weeks prior to the calculation date: NAV per fund unit at the latest reporting period prior to the calculation date. 	
13	Member/open-ended fund/shares of securities investment companies privately offered	NAV per fund unit/charge at the latest reporting period	
14	Others	Price determined by the Company internal valuation methods.	
Fixe	d assets		
15	Land use rights	Value determined by the independent valuer appointed by securities trading companies	
16	Buildings/structures including constructions in progress	Value determined by the independent valuer appointed b securities trading companies/Accrued construction in progress	
17	Machines, equipment, vehicles	Residual value of the asset	
18	Others fixed assets	Value determined by the independent valuer appointed by the Company	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

No.	Asset	Valuation principles		
Othe	Other securities			
19	Covered warrants issued by securities trading companies - Closing price of the latest trading day prior to the calc date; - Acquisition cost (if the covered warrant is unlisted			
20	Shares listed in foreign markets	 Price (in foreign currencies) x exchange rate at the calculation date; Closing price of the latest trading day prior to the calculation date; In case there is no transaction within more than two (02) weeks prior to the calculation date, the value of shares is the highest of the following: Book value; Acquisition cost; Price determined by securities trading companies internal valuation methods. In specific: Max (Book value, Acquisition cost, Price determined by internal valuation methods). 		

Notes:

- Accrued interests are interests from the latest instalment to the calculation date.
- Book value of share is determined based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.
- The reference quotation system for bonds (Reuteurs/Bloomberg/VNBF or equivalent organizations) is selected by securities trading companies.

3.3.3 Supplemental exposures to market risk

Exposures to market risk of assets are increasingly adjusted in case that the Company over invests in these assets, except for the securities under issuance underwriting contract in the form of commitment, Government bonds and bonds guaranteed by the Government. The exposures to market risk will be adjusted in accordance with following principles:

- An increase of 10% if the investment accounts for 10% to 15% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- An increase of 20% if the investment accounts for 15% to 25% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- An increase of 30% if the investment accounts for more than 25% of the owners' equity of the Company.

Dividends, coupons, preference right of shares (if any) or interest of deposits, cash equivalents, negotiable instruments and valuable papers shall be added to the value of asset for the purpose of determining the exposures to market risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk

Exposures to settlement risk are the potential losses which may occur when a counterparty fails to fulfil its settlement obligation or transfer assets on time as committed. Exposures to settlement risk are determined at the transaction date as follows:

For term deposits at credit institutions; certificates of deposits issued by credit institutions; securities borrowing contracts in accordance with legal regulations; repurchase and reversed repurchase agreements in accordance with prevailing regulations; margin loans in accordance with prevailing regulations; exposures to settlement risk before the date of securities transfer, cash settlement, contract liquidation shall be determined using the following formula:

Exposures to settlement risk = Settlement risk coefficient by counterparty x Value of assets exposed to settlement risk

- For underwriting contracts in the form of commitment signed with other institutions in a syndicated underwriting contract in which the Company is the lead underwriter, the exposures to settlement risk value equals 30% of the remaining value of unpaid underwriting contracts.
- For overdue receivables, other receivables and other assets, securities which have not been received on time, including securities and cash which have not been received from term deposits at credit institutions; certificates of deposit issued by credit institutions; securities borrowing contracts in accordance with prevailing regulations; repurchase and reversed repurchase agreements in accordance with prevailing regulations; margin loans at maturity in accordance with prevailing regulations, receivables from customers in securities trading activities, exposures to settlement risk are determined as follows:

Exposures to settlement risk = Value of assets exposed to settlement risk x Settlement risk coefficient by time

For contracts, transactions, payments others than the aforementioned; receivables from debt trading with counterparties other than the Vietnam Asset Management Company ("VAMC"), the Debt and Asset Trading Corporation ("DATC"), exposures to settlement risk are determined as follows:

Exposures to settlement risk = Value of all assets exposed to settlement risk × 100%

For advances to be reimbursed within 90 days, exposures to settlement risk are determined as follows:

Exposures to settlement risk = Settlement risk coefficient by time x Value of all advances.

3.4.1 Settlement risk coefficient

Settlement risk coefficient is determined based on the types of counterparties and the overdue period as specified under Circular 91.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

- 3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)
- 3.4.2 Value of assets exposed to settlement risk
 - a. Securities borrowing and lending, margin activities, repurchase agreements, other transactions for customers or the Company

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is the market value of the contract determined as follows:

No.	Type of transaction	Value of assets exposed to settlement risk
1	Term deposits, certificate of deposits, unsecured loans; contracts, transactions, payments under point k, Clause 1, Article 10, Circular 91	Total outstanding balance of deposit accounts, certificates of deposits, total loan value, total value of the contract, transaction plus dividends, interests, rights (for securities) or interests from deposits, loans, fees (for credit granting)
2	Securities lending	Max{(Market value of the contract - Collateral value (if any)),0}
3	Securities borrowing	Max{(Collateral value - Market value of the contract),0}
4	Reversed repurchase agreements	Max{(Contract value based on purchase price - Market value of the contract x (1- Market risk coefficient)),0}
5	Repurchase agreements	Max{(Market value of the contract x (1 - Market risk coefficient) - Contract value based on selling price),0}
6	Margin lending contracts (loans to customers to purchase securities)/ Other economic agreements with the similar nature	Max{(Outstanding balance - Collateral value), 0}

Margin outstanding balance includes outstanding principal, interest, and other fees.

Customers' collateral value is determined in line with *Note 3.4.3*. In case the value of collaterals does not have any reference in the market, its value is determined by the internal methods of the Company.

Value of assets is determined in accordance with Note 3.3.2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)

3.4.2 Value of assets exposed to settlement risk (continued)

b. Securities trading

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk in securities trading is determined as follows:

No.	Period	Value of assets exposed to settlement risk	
A – For sales of securities (seller is the Company or its customers under the sebrokerage activities)			
1.	Before the settlement date	0	
2.	After the settlement date	Market value of the contract (if Market value is less than Trading value)	
		0 (if Market value is greater than Trading value)	
B-F	or purchase of securities (buyer is th	ne Company or its customers)	
1.	Before the securities transfer date	0	
2.	After the securities transfer date	Market value of the contract (if Market value is less than Trading value)	
		0 (if Market value is greater than Trading value)	

Settlement/transfer period of securities is T+2 (for listed shares), T+1 (for listed bonds); T+n (for transactions outside the official trading system within n days under agreement of both parties).

c. Receivables, bonds, debt instruments at maturity

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is the value of receivables calculated based on face value, plus accrued interest, related costs, and less cash previously received (if any).

3.4.3 Decreases to value of collaterals with potential payment risk

The value of collaterals shall be deducted from the counterparties or customers' value of collaterals, other than transactions, contracts specified under point k, Clause 1, Article 10, Circular 91, if the related contracts and transactions satisfy the following conditions:

- Counterparties or customers secure their obligations using collaterals being cash, cash equivalents, valuable papers, negotiable instruments on the money market, securities listed and registered on the Vietnam Exchange and its subsidiaries, Government bonds, bonds guaranteed by the Ministry of Finance;
- The Company has rights to control, manage, use, and transfer collaterals if counterparties fail to make sufficient and timely payments as agreed in the contracts.

Value of assets subjected to deduction is determined as follows:

Collateral value = Quantity of asset x Asset price x (1 – Market risk coefficient)

Value of assets is determined in accordance with Note 3.3.2.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES DURING THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)

3.4.4 Supplemental exposures to settlement risk

Exposures to settlement risk are increasingly adjusted in the following cases:

- ▶ Increased by 10% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposits, loans, receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, total borrowing from an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/individuals (if any) accounts for more than 10% to 15% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- Increased by 20% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposits, loans, receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, total borrowing from an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/individuals (if any) accounts for more than 15% to 25% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- ▶ Increased by 30% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposits, loans, receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, total borrowing from an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/individuals (if any) accounts for more than 25% of the Owners' equity of the Company.

3.4.5 Net bilateral clearing value of assets exposed to settlement risk

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is subject to net bilateral clearing in the following cases:

1

- Settlement risk relating to the same counterparty;
- Settlement risk relating to the same type of transaction;
- The net bilateral clearing is agreed upon among related parties by written documents.

3.4.6 Insolvent counterparties

Total loss resulted from the contract is deducted from liquid capital.

3.5 Exposures to operational risk

Exposures to operational risk are the potential losses which may occur due to technical errors, system errors and operational processes, human errors during task performance, or due to the lack of capital resulting from expenses, losses arising from investment activities, or other objective reasons.

Exposures to operational risk of the Company is determined at the maximum between: the higher of 25% of the Company's operating expenses within twelve (12) consecutive months up to the calculation date or 20% of the Company's minimum charter capital for business operations.

The Company's operating expenses are determined from total expenses incurred in the period less: depreciation expense; provision expense or reversal for the impairment of short-term and long-term investments; and provision expense or reversal for doubtful debts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025 $\,$

4. LIQUID CAPITAL

	, a		Liquid capital	3
NO.	ITEMS	Liquid capital VND	Decreases VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
Α	Equity			
1.	Owners' equity, excluding redeemable preference share (if any)	26,000,000,000		
2.	Share premium, excluding redeemable preference share (if any)	-		
3.	Treasury shares	-		
4.	Capital supplementary reserve (if any)	1,224,533,000		
5.	Investment and development fund (if any)	6,918,115,150		
6.	Operational risk and financial reserve	1,224,533,000		
7.	Other reserves	-		
8.	Undistributed earnings after tax	63,921,147,741		
9.	Balance of provision for impairment of assets	-		
10.	Difference from revaluation of fixed assets	-		
11.	Exchange rate difference	-		
12.	Convertible debts			_
13.	Total increase or decrease in securities investment value			4,788,964,314
14.	Other capital (if any)	-		
1A	Total			104,077,293,205
В	Current assets			
1	Cash and cash equivalents			
II	Short-term investments			
1.	Short-term investments			
	Securities exposed to market risks under Clause 2 Article 9			
	Securities deducted from liquid capital under Clause 5 Article 6		-	
2.	Provision for impairment of short-term investments			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

4. LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

		<i>y</i>	Liquid capital	
NO.	ITEMS	Liquid capital VND	Decreases VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
В	Current assets (continued)			
III	Current receivables, including receivables from trusted activities			
1.	Trade receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		-	
2.	Advances to suppliers		-	
3.	Receivables from operating activities			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		-	
4.	Current internal receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		Ŧ	
5.	Receivables from securities trading activities			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		1	
6.	Other receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		¥	
7.	Provision for doubtful current receivables			
IV	Inventories		-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

4. LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

	,	100	Liquid capital	2
NO.	ITEMS	Liquid capital VND	Decreases VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
В	Current assets (continued)			
V	Other current assets			
1.	Current prepaid expenses		1,107,635,556	
2.	VAT deductible			
3.	Tax and other receivables from the State			
4.	Other current assets			
4.1	Advances			
	Advances with the remaining reimbursement period of 90 days or less			
	Advances with the remaining reimbursement period of more than 90 days		-	
4.2	Other current assets		-	
1B	Total			1,107,635,556
С	Non-current assets			
I.	Non-current receivables, including receivables from trusted activities			
1.	Non-current trade receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days			
2.	Investments in subsidiaries		-	
3.	Non-current internal receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		-	
4.	Other non-current receivables			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		832,193,680	
5.	Provision for doubtful non- current receivables			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025 $\,$

4. LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

			Liquid capital	
NO.	ITEMS	Liquid capital VND	Decreases VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
С	Non-current assets (continued)			
II	Fixed assets		519,985,000	
III	Investment properties		-	
IV	Non-current investments			
1.	Investments in subsidiaries		-	
2.	Long-term securities investments			
	Securities exposed to market risks under Clause 2 Article 9			
	Securities deducted from liquid capital under Clause 5 Article 6		-	
3.	Offshore non-current investments		-	
4.	Other non-current investments		300,000,000	
5.	Provision for impairment of non- current investments			
V	Other non-current assets			
1.	Non-current prepaid expenses		108,079,549	
2.	Deferred tax assets		-	
3.	Non-current deposits, collaterals and pledges		-	
	The qualified, adverse or disclaimed asset items on the audited, reviewed financial statements (if any) that are not deducted under Circular 91		_	
1C	Total	•	•	1,760,258,229
LIQU	ID CAPITAL = 1A-1B-1C		10	01,209,399,420

Note:	
	Non-applicable for the preparation of the Financial safety ratio report

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

5. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK

Inve	estment items	Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND			
		(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$			
I. C	ash and cash equivalents, money marke	t instruments	instruments				
1.	Cash (VND)	0	2,250,643,285	-			
2.	Cash equivalents	0	-	-			
3.	Valuable papers, negotiable instruments in the money market, certificate of deposit	0	47,186,980,639	-			
II. G	overnment bonds						
4.	Zero-coupon Government bonds	0	-	-			
5.	Coupon Government bonds	3	-	-			
5.1	Coupon Government bonds: Government bonds (include government bonds and construction bonds which are previously issued), Government bonds of OECD countries or guaranteed by the Government or the Central Bank of the OECD countries, Bonds issued by international institutions such as IBRD, ADB, IADB, AFDB, EIB and EBRD, municipal bonds	3	-	Ţ			
III. C	Credit institution bonds						
6.	Credit institution bonds having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	3	-	-			
Credit institution bonds having remainir term from 1 to 3 years, includir convertible bonds		8	-	-			
	Credit institution bonds having remaining term from 3 to 5 years, including convertible bonds	10	-	-			
Credit institution bonds having remaining term of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds		15	-				
IV. C	Corporate bonds						
7.	Listed corporate bonds						
	Listed bonds having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	8	-	-			
	Listed bonds having remaining term from 1 to 3 years, including convertible bonds	10	-	~			
	Listed bonds having remaining term from 3 to 5 years, including convertible bonds	15	-	-			
	Listed bonds having remaining term of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds	20	8,193,399,480	1,638,679,896			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

5. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Inve	estment items	Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
		(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$
IV.	Corporate bonds (continued)			
8.	Unlisted corporate bonds			
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	15	:	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term from 1 to 3 years, including convertible bonds	20	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term from 3 to 5 years, including convertible bonds	25	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds	30	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	25	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term from 1 to 3 years, including convertible bonds	30	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term from 3 to 5 years, including convertible bonds	35	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds	40	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

5. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Investment items		Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND	
		(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$	
V. S	Shares				
9.	Ordinary shares, preference shares of entities listed in Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange; open-ended fund certificates	10	-	-	
10.	Ordinary shares, preference shares of entities listed in Hanoi Stock Exchange	15	-	-	
11.	Ordinary shares, preference shares of unlisted public entities registered for trading through UPCoM	20		-	
12.	Ordinary shares, preference shares of public entities registered for depository, but unlisted or non-registered for trading; shares under IPO	30	-	-	
13. Shares of other public entities		50	-	-	
VI. C	Certificates of investment securities fund	d			
14.	Public funds, including public securities investment companies	10	30,397,102,818	3,039,710,282	
15.	Private funds, including private securities investment companies	30	12,761,260,000	3,828,378,000	
VII.	Restricted securities trading				
16.	Securities of unlisted public companies being warned due to delayed disclosure of audited/reviewed financial statements	30	-	-	
17.	Listed securities being warned	20	-	-	
18.	Listed securities under control	25	-	-	
19.	Temporarily suspended, restricted securities	40	-	-	
20.	Securities being delisted, cancelled trading	80	-	-	
VII.	Other securities				
21.	Securities issued by private companies with no latest audited financial statements at the financial safety ratio report date or latest audited financial statements are adverse, disclaimer or qualified	100	-	-	
22.	Shares, capital contribution and other securities	80	-	-	
23.	Other investments	80	-	-	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

5. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Inves	tment items		Risk coefficient		Exposures to risk VND
VIII. S	Supplemental exposures to m	arket risk (if an	y)		
	Security code	Level of increase (%)	Risk coefficient (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
		(1)		(2)	(3 = (1) * (2)
1	Fund certificates MAFF	20	10	2,257,530,154	451,506,031
2	Fund certificates MAOF	10	30	3,828,378,000	382,837,800
	L EXPOSURES TO MARKET	RISK	'		9,341,112,009

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

6. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO SETTLMENT RISK

Exposures to risk

3,136,140,905

3,365,611,782

Risk of undue items (*Note 6.1*)
Risk of overdue items (*Note 6.2*)
Risk of advances, other contracts, transactions (*Note 6.3*)
Supplemental exposures to settlement risk (*Note 6.4*)

Total exposures to settlement risk

6.1 Risks of undue items

/	Risk coefficient (%)			Exposures to risk (VND)	risk (VND)			
		%0.0	%8.0	3.2%	4.8%	%0.9	8.0%	Total exposures
Тур	Types of transaction	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	VND
-	Term deposits, certificates of deposits unsecured loans, receivables from securities trading activities and operations and other items exposed to settlement risk (*)	,		72.720.251	,	3.063.118.895	301 759	3 136 140 905
2	Securities lending/Agreements with similar nature		,					
3.	Securities borrowing/Agreements with similar nature	'	1	,	,		,	
4.	Reversed repurchase agreements/ Agreements with similar nature	'	1	,	,		,	
5.	Repurchase agreements/ Agreements with similar nature	'	,	,			'	
5	TOTAL EXPOSURES TO UNDUE SETTLEMENT	MENT RISK						3,136,140,905

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

6. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK (continued)

6.1 Risks of undue items (continued)

Details of settlement risk coefficients by counterparties are determined as follows:

No.	Counterparty of securities trading companies	Settlement risk coefficient
(1)	Government, issuers guaranteed by the Government, Government and Central Banks of OECD countries; People's committees of provinces and centrally controlled municipalities	0.0%
(2)	Stock Exchanges and Vietnam Securities Depository	0.8%
(3)	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities trading companies which are established in OECD countries and have credit ratings in accordance with the internal policies of securities trading companies.	3.2%
(4)	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities trading companies which are established outside of OECD countries; or established in OECD countries and do not meet other requirements in accordance with the internal policies of the Company	4.8%
(5)	Credit institutions, financial institutions, securities trading companies, investment funds, securities investment companies being established and operating in Vietnam	6.0%
(6)	Other entities, individuals and parties	8.0%

(*) Details:

	Carrying value VND	Collateral value VND	Carrying value without collaterals VND	Settlement risk coefficient by counterparty %	Exposures to settlement risk VND
Demand deposits Term deposits Receivables from operating activities	2,182,784,575 47,186,980,639	-	2,182,784,575 47,186,980,639	6.0 6.0	130,967,075 2,831,218,838
Receivables from Parent company and affiliates Portfolio	2,272,507,861	-	2,272,507,861	3.2	72,720,251
management fee receivables	30,119,740	-	30,119,740	6.0	1,807,184-
Fund management fee receivables Other items	1,652,096,626	-	1,652,096,626	6.0	99,125,798
exposed to settlement risk	3,771,982		3,771,982	8.0	301,759
	53,328,261,423		53,328,261,423		3,136,140,905

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

6. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK (continued)

6.2 Risk of overdue items

No.	Overdue period	Risk coefficient (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
1.	0 – 15 days after due date of settlement/securities transfer	16	-	-
2.	16 – 30 days after due date of settlement/securities transfer	32	-	-
3.	31 – 60 days after due date of settlement/securities transfer	48	-	-
4.	From 60 days after due date of settlement/securities transfer	100	-	-
тот	AL EXPOSURES TO OVERDUE	RISKS	-	

6.3 Risk of advances, other contracts, transactions

ntracts, transactions, ments other than those cified under Point a, b, c, d, g, Clause 1 Article 10 cular 91; receivables from t trading with counterparties			
er than the Vietnam Asset nagement Company AMC"), the Debt and Asset ding Corporation ("DATC")	100	-	-
ances from 5% of owners' ity reimbursed within 90 days	100	-	_
	ding Corporation ("DATC") ances from 5% of owners' ity reimbursed within 90 days	ding Corporation ("DATC") 100 ances from 5% of owners' ity reimbursed within 90 days 100	ding Corporation ("DATC") 100 - ances from 5% of owners'

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

6. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK (continued)

6.4 Supplemental exposures to settlement risk

No.	Details of items, counterparties	Risk coefficie nts (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND	Incre ase level (%)	Supplemental exposures to risk VND
	estment for an organ viduals accounts fo				rganizat	tions or
1.	Mirae Asset Finance Company Limited (Vietnam)	6	11,149,600,000	668,976,000	10	66,897,600
2.	Fortune Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank	6	13,191,754,340	791,505,260	10	79,150,526
3.	Vietnam Prosperity Joint Stock Commercial Bank	6	13,903,791,779	834,227,507	10	83,422,751
тот	AL SUPPLEMENTA	L EXPOSI	JRES TO SETTLE	MENT RISK		229,470,877

7. CALCULATION OF EXPOSURES TO OPERATIONAL RISK

	Items	Amount VND
I.	Total operating expenses incurring during the 12-month period ended 30 June 2025	32,718,611,964
II.	Decreases from total expenses (*)	143,670,000
III.	Total expenses after decreases (III = I – II)	32,574,941,964
IV.	25% of total expense after decreases (IV = 25% III)	8,143,735,491
V.	20% of minimum charter capital for business operations of Mirae Asset (Vietnam) Fund Management Company Limited	5,000,000,000
тот	AL EXPOSURES TO OPERATIONAL RISK (Max {IV, V})	8,143,735,491

(") Decreases from total expenses	
Democrate the second	1/13

 Depreciation expense
 143,670,000

 Total
 143,670,000

Amount VND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 30 June 2025

8. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 30 June 2025 which is required to be disclosed in the financial safety ratio report of the Company as at 30 June 2025.

Hanoi, Vietnam

13 August 2025

CÔNG TY
TRÁCH NHIỆM HỮU HẠNG

QUẨN LÝ QUÝ

VIÊT NA

Ms. Vu Thi Thuy Lua Chief Accountant Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan Head of Internal Control Mr. Soh Jin Wook General Director

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